

**Consulting Environmental Engineers** 

### ASSESSMENT MATRICES

PHYSICAL	SMOOTH	PALMERS	TAIOMA	POWDER	FAIRFIELD	BURN-	MAXWELL	GREEN	PIGEON	SOUTHDALE BRIGHTON	BRIGHTON
	HL	CREEK	ROAD	뜶	QUARRY	30IS	EXT'N	ISLAND	FLAT	ROAD	
AVAILABLE CAPACITY											
LAND USE INVENTORY											
AVAILABILITY OF COVER											
GEOLOGY/MASS MOVEMENT											
TOPOGRAPHY/SURFACE STABILITY											
CLIMATE											
SURFACE HYDROLOGY											
WATER CATCHMENTS PROXIMITY											
HYDROGEOLOGY											
LEACHATE CONTROL											
GAS CONTROL											
SUB-TOTAL - PHYSICAL											
RANKING — PHYSICAL											

## ASSESSMENT MA TRICES

ELUNUMIC SMOOTH PALMERS TAIONA POWDER FAIRFIELD
HILL CREEK ROAD HILL QUARRY
DISTANCE FROM
REFUSE SOURCE/ENERGY
SITE PURCHASE
ESTABLISHMENT COST
WITHIN SITE BOUNDARY
REQUIREMENT FOR ROAD
ACCESS & NETWORK UPGRADING
SUB-TOTAL - ECONOMIC
RANKING — ECONOMIC

## ASSESSMENT MAT RICES

ECOLOGICAL ECOLOGICAL	HILLOOMS	PALMERS	TAIOMA ROAD	POWDER HILL	FAIRFIELD QUARRY	BURNSIDE	MAXWELL	GREEN	PIGEON FLAT	PIGEON SOUTHDALE BRIGHTON FLAT ROAD	BRIGHTON	
VEGETATION												
WII DI IFF												
AQUATIC LIFE												
HABITAT												
BIRD STRIKE/AIRFIELDS												
SUB-TOTAL - ECOLOGICAL												
RANKING - ECOLOGICAL												

### ASSESSMENT MA TRICES

SOCIAL	SMOOTH	PALMERS	TAIOMA	POWDER	FAIRFIELD	BURNSIDE	MAXWEĹL	GREEN	PIGEON	SOUTHDALE	BRIGHTON		
	HILL	CREEK	ROAD	声			EXI'N	ISLAND	FLAT	ROAD			
RESIDENTIAL AREAS													
RECREATION AREAS													
TRAFFIC ACCESS & IMPORTS													
PUBLIC HEALTH													
VISUAL IMPACT/SCREENING													
CULTURAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL												-	
IMPACT ON LOCAL WATER USERS													
ENDUSE													
SUB-TOTAL - SOCIAL													
RANKING - SOCIAL													
SUB-TOTAL - PHYSICAL						-							
SUB-TOTAL - ECONOMIC													
SUB-TOTAL - ECOLOGICAL												1	
SUB-TOTAL - SOCIAL													
OVERALL TOTALS													
OVERALL RANKING													

### DUNEDIN CITY COUNCIL REFUSE LANDFILL STUDY

### SITE SELECTION REPORT

Prepared by Beca Steven, Consulting Engineers in association with City Consultants.

January 1992

### DUNEDIN LANDFILL STUDY

### REFUSE WORKING PARTY DEFINITION OF SITE SELECTION CRITERIA

### **Ecological**

Vegetation

is a measure of the impact of the landfill on the site. Mature native forest would receive a high rating, pine plantations and regenerating native bush a moderate rating, and grass land a low impact rating.

Wildlife

is a measure of the quality of wildlife on the site and the impact of the landfill on it.

Aquatic Life

is a measure of the importance of fish and aquatic life in the vicinity of the landfill.

Habitat

is a measure of the impact of the landfill on the site's habitat, the score reflecting the intrinsic ecological value of the site.

Bird Strike/ Airfields

Exclusion Zone

is a measure of the distance of the site to airfields and flight paths, and the potential of the landfill to create birdstrike problems.

### Physical

Available Capacity

is a relative indication of the available capacity of the site.

Sufficient, at compacted rate of 120,000 m<sup>3</sup> per year, for at least 10 years if a site has other major attributes, but preferably for 35

years, ie 3.5 million m3.

Land Use Inventory Classification all land in New Zealand is classified according to the land use inventory classification. This gives a measure of the capability of land from I (prime land) to VII (mountains, unusable land).

Preference for low production value land, reasonable slopes, minimal exposed rock, soils with permeabilities of 10-8 metres per

second or less for landfill lining and groundwater protection.

Availability of of Cover Material

Sufficient suitable material, readily compactable with permeability of 10-6 metres per second or less, for 20% of refuse volume.

Geology/ Mass Movement No earthquake fault lines within site or adjacent. No underlying weak strata or history of major earth movements.

Topography/ Stability Ground slopes less than 30% for easy working. Surface soils stable. Single catchment site preferred for control and development costs.

Climate

is a measure of the relative differences in climatic factors affecting the sites. High rainfall, proneness to snowfalls, exposure to high winds are undesirable for landfill sites.

Surface Hydrology Separation and protection from flood zones. In-valley sites preference is for head of valley to minimise stream piping.

Proximity to Water Catchment Area To avoid contamination of water supply catchment areas by silt, leachate, dust, birds, etc sites should be at least 2 kms away with no surface or groundwater flow connection.

Hydrogeology

is a criterion related to the complexity of the groundwater regime and the inward or outward movement of groundwater with respect to the site. Soils and rock below site which are too permeable (sands, fractured rock, etc) present possibility of groundwater contamination unless extensive, positive liner installed.

Leachate Control

is an indicator of any special conditions existing at the site which may make leachate collection, treatment and control more or less difficult. Valley sites, with lining, make leachate control easier. Flatter sites require more extensive collection system. Sites within sewered areas allow disposal to municipal system and avoid tankering or on-site treatment.

Gas Control

is an indicator of any special conditions existing at the site which may make gas control and collection more or less difficult. Flatter sites required more extensive gas collection system. Quarry sites with highly permeable walls require more protection from gas migration.

### Social

Residential Area is a measure of the impact of the proposed landfill on residential areas including the impact on the community.

Recreation Areas is a measure of the impact of the proposed landfill on nearest recreation areas.

Traffic Access and Impact

is an indicator of the impact of landfill traffic on the existing roading network and traffic flows including the visual and social impacts of such traffic.

Public Health

is a measure of the impact of the landfill on the adjacent community arising from noise, odour, potential for disease transmission by birds, rodents, etc.

Visual Impact/ Screening Potential is a measure of existing landscape value, visual impact, ease of screening the site during its life.

Cultural/ Archaeological Features is an indicator of any cultural, archaeological or historical features affected by the proposed landfill.

Impact on Local Water

indicates the degree of use in the landfills area of the use of surface and groundwater for both human and stock uses.

End Use of Site

is a measure of the value of the final use of the site on surrounding land uses and the community.

### Economic

Distance from Refuse Source/ Energy Consumption is an indicator of the financial cost to both the Council and to the community of the Landfill's distance from the refuse source and the escalating cost of energy over the life of the landfill.

Site Purchase

is a relative measure of the cost of purchase of the landfill site.

Establishment Cost

reflects any special establishment and construction costs that the particular site may have within the site boundaries.

Requirement Road Upgrading reflects additional road network upgrading costs that some sites may require to provide access to the site boundary.

Note:

The above criteria have been rationalised from the earlier listing to avoid overlapping and undue emphasis to some aspects. The revised list will be used during the workshop sessions on 21 and 22 January 1992.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...1...

Site Name/Zoning:

Smooth Hill (farmland owned by Fulton Hogan Ltd)

Rural C Zone (SPCC).

Location:

Southeast of Momona in coastal hills adjacent to Big

Stone Rd, 30km from Octagon.

Catchment:

Headwaters of Otokia Stream which travels northwards

to discharge to ocean at Brighton.

Access Route:

South on SH1 and turn off into McLaren Gully Rd or

new road up Palmers Creek.

Surface Features:

Rolling pasture land. Site would be in broad gullies at

head of catchment. Some gorse regrowth.

Nearest Residences:

Two houses along McLaren Gully Rd otherwise very

remote.

Airfield Proximity:

6km from Momona (just within 6.5km separation zone)

but mitigated being on the coast side of airfield.

Available Capacity:

6 million cubic metres which could provide 50 years

life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

1.8km from faultline along McLaren Gully Rd. Breccia

substrata and loess surface soils. Confinement of

groundwater not certain.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No site of significance known.

Other Comments:

There are a number of similar sites in this locality, including sites east of Big Stone Rd which drain directly to the Ocean ie not in Otokia Stream or Palmers Creek

catchments.

Big Stone Rd is a recognised logging truck route.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...2...

Site Name/Zoning:

Palmers Creek (Otago Coast State Forest); Rural C

Zone (SPCC).

Location:

Southeast of Momona in coastal hills adjacent to

McLaren Gully Rd, 27km from Octagon.

Catchment:

Palmers Creek which is 5km long and drains into tidal

upper reaches of Taieri River.

Access Route:

South on SH1 and turn off into new road up Palmers

Creek.

Surface Features:

Moderate slope land formerly grazed now planted in 3-

5yr old radiata pine trees. Shielded from SH1 by

rolling topography.

Nearest Residences:

Two houses on McLaren Gully Rd near the site,

otherwise remote - about 1.5km from SH1

Airfield Proximity:

3.6km from Momona Airport (within 6.5km separation

distance guideline) mitigated by the site being on coast

side of airport.

Available Capacity:

7 million cubic metres which would be about 60 years

life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

0.6km from faultline along McLaren Gully Rd. Breccia

substrata is complex and some instability maybe inherent. Groundwater would be intercepted by Palmers

Creek.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No sites of known significance.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...3...

Site Name/Zoning:

Taioma Rd (owned by private farmer). Rural C Zone

(SPCC).

Location:

Northwest of Mosgiel in gully adjacent to Taioma Rd as it climbs steeply from Taieri Plain. 19km from Octagon via Three Mile Hill Rd; 23 km via SH1 and Mosgiel

bypass.

Catchment:

Local stream in gully which enters Mill Creek then

Silver Stream then Taieri River.

Access Route:

Three Mile Hill Rd/Milners Rd/Waironga Rd to Taioma Rd or from SH1 via Riccarton Rd/School Rd/Gordon

Rd bypassing Mosgiel.

Surface Features:

Steep sided gully near Taieri Plain but moderate slopes at upper end. Some native bush at lower end of gully.

Surrounding land is grazed.

Nearest Residences:

Scattered houses on western margin of Taieri Plain

about 2km away. 6km from Mosgiel.

Airfield Proximity:

15km from Momona but only 5km from Taieri Airfield. Transit path of gulls from coast to site would pass over

the airfield and flight path to Momona.

Available Capacity:

4.6 million cubic metres which gives a life of 38 years.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Substrata is schist. A side fault runs along gully.

Minimal soil cover over rock.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No known features.

Other Comments:

Taioma Rd is a recognised logging truck route.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...4...

Site Name/Zoning:

Powder Hill (farmland in hill country). Rural B Zone.

Location:

North of Mosgiel, 15km from Octagon via Three Mile

Hill Rd.

Catchment:

Mill Stream tributary then Silver Stream then Taieri

River.

Access Route:

Either by Three Mile Hill Rd then Silverstream Valley Rd to new access road or off SH1 at Mosgiel via Gladstone Rd/Puddle Alley to Silverstream Valley Rd.

Surface Features:

Large, steep gully with scrub, gorse and pasture.

Nearest Residences:

Houses on Silverstream Valley Rd and Milners Rd are

2.5km away. 6km from Mosgiel.

Airfield Proximity:

5km from Taieri Airfield and site is under landing circuit. Gull transit path to coast would be across approach path both for Taieri and Momona Airfields.

Available Capacity:

12 million cubic metres which could be 100 year life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Substrata is schist and adjoining valley has major

faultline. Groundwater should be confined to Mill

Stream.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No known features.

Other Comments:

Mill Stream water has high natural iron content.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...5...

Site Name/Zoning:

Fairfield Quarry (Sand and fine gravel excavated by

Fulton Hogan Ltd/Walton Park Sand Co.) Rural G

Zone with quarrying as a scheduled use.

Location:

Northeast of Fairfield.

Catchment:

Beside Abbotts Creek which flows into Kaikorai Stream

at existing Green Island landfill site. Heavily modified

stream water quality due to quarry operation.

Access Route:

Direct off SH1 via existing access into quarry.

Surface Features:

Substantial benched sides to quarry. Barren landscape

with little vegetation, spoil dumps around site.

Nearest Residences:

Fairfield houses are 400m away and 500m to houses on

southwest side of Abbotsford.

Airfield Proximity:

5km from Taieri Airfield. Gull route from coast to site

would not cross airport approach path.

Available Capacity:

Expected to be in the order of 20 years plus depending

on rate of present excavation.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Sand is being excavated from Fernhill strata of the

Taratu formation. Coal seams underlie the site and old mine workings could cause subsidence. Integrity of liner

would be doubtful.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No known features.

Other Comments:

Landfilling of quarry could restore landform closer to

original character.

Availability for refuse landfilling is uncertain.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...6...

Site Name/Zoning: Burnside Quarry (former Milburn Cement Works quarry

now owned by Holt Demolition and used for clean fill).

Industrial Zone (GIBC).

Location: West of SH1 at Burnside, 7km from Octagon.

Catchment: Directly to Kaikorai Stream which borders the

property.

Access Route: Either from Kaikorai Valley Rd or Green Island.

Surface Features: Steep sided quarry faces with forest planting to stabilise

surfaces. Some exposed Burnside mudstone (marl)

surfaces. Almost completely hidden from view.

Nearest Residences: Green Island/Concord houses are 400m away on other

side of SH1.

Airfield Proximity: 7.5km from Taieri Airfield and greater separation

achieved by Chain Hills.

Available Capacity: 0.6 million cubic metres (lowest of all sites) giving only

5 years life at full demand of 120,000 cu.m/yr.

Geology/Hydrogeology: Significant depth of impermeable marl underlies the

site. Some slope stability problems with cut faces of

quarry walls.

Cultural/Archaeological: Heavily modified by recent industrial activities.

Other Comments: Could be regarded as an interim site until another larger

site becomes available or used for low volume, special

wastes over a longer period.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...7...

Site Name/Zoning: Maxwells Increased Height (existing landfill operated by

Maxwell Bros/Fulton Hogan Ltd). Industrial B/Coastal

Protection and Wildlife Zone (SPCC).

Location: Near Fairfield at edge of Kaikorai Estuary. 13km from

Octagon.

Catchment: Direct to Kaikorai Estuary. Christies Creek and Coal

Creek flow down either side of older part of landfill.

Access Route: SH1 then Old Brighton Rd.

Surface Features: Existing landfill is being completed to an elevation

about 108m. Site is flanked by ridges which would

partially screen increased height.

Nearest Residences: 300m to Fairfield houses.

Airfield Proximity: 6km to Taieri Airfield but extra separation created by

Chain Hills.

Available Capacity: 170,000 cu. metres available for each metre of

additional height. If 10m extra height, life would be 14

years.

Geology/Hydrogeology: Underlain by mud sediments then sand below.

Leachate is not confined at present but capture by

perimeter trench and groundwater pumping is proposed.

Cultural/Archaeological: Modified by present activities.

Other Comments: Landfilling operation would be visible from Green

Island and Abbotsford houses.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...8...

Site Name/Zoning: Green Island Increased Height (existing landfill operated

by Dunedin City Council). Industrial B/Coastal

Protection and Wildlife Zone (SPCC).

Location: Southwest of Green Island at edge of Kaikorai Estuary,

13km from Octagon.

Catchment: Direct to Kaikorai Estuary.

Access Route: From SH1 then Brighton Rd.

Surface Features: Existing landfill is being completed to an elevation

about 108m. Some grass and trees are established but

generally the site is barren.

Nearest Residences: 400m from eastern boundary of landfill site.

Airfield Proximity: 6.5km from Taieri Airfield but extra separation is

created by Chain Hills.

Available Capacity: 3 million cubic metres which would provide a 25 year

life.

Geology/Hydrogeology: Site is underlain by mud sediments then sand layers

before mudstone is encountered. Leachate is not confined at present. A perimeter collection trench is

proposed.

Cultural/Archaeological: Modified by current activities.

Other Comments: Mound would be visible from many viewpoints but

impacts could be reduced by forming outer perimeter embankment first and immediately landscaping then

infilling "crater" in the centre.

### SUMMARY OF SITE INFORMATION - CODE NO. ...9...

Site Name/Zoning:

Pigeon Flat (private farm at present). Rural F Zone

(SPCC).

Location:

On north facing slope of Mt Cargill adjacent to SH1,

12km from Octagon.

Catchment:

Tributary of Waitati River.

Access Route:

North on SH1 to new exit at Pigeon Flat Rd overbridge.

Surface Features:

Mainly pasture with some Manukau in a sloping basin.

Nearest Residences:

Two houses are on the site which would be purchased.

Other farm houses on O'Connell Rd are 300mm from

the site.

Airfield Proximity:

15km from Taieri Airfield. 3km from main flight path

to Momona which passes over Swampy Summit.

However planes are at a higher altitude.

Available Capacity:

5.4 million cubic metres which would provide a 45 year

life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Site is divided into two types of substrata, tuff and

basalt, both of volcanic origin. Basalt can be fractured allowing ready movement of leachate away from the

site. Tuff is less permeable.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No known features.

### 

Site Name/Zoning:

Southdale Rd (private farmland). Rural A Zone (DCC).

Location:

East of Ocean Grove. 9km from Octagon

Catchment:

Tomahawk Creek which drains to sea at Smaills Beach

(not into Tomahawk lagoon)

Access Route:

Via Andersons Bay or St Kilda then Ocean

Grove/Southdale Rd.

Surface Features:

Moderate to steep stable hill country with pasture and

some scrub in gullies.

Nearest Residences:

Highcliff Rd and Karetai Rd houses are 600m away.

Airfield Proximity:

16km from Taieri Airfield and remote from normal

flight paths.

Available Capacity:

Approximately 2 million cu.metres which could provide

17 year life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Volcanic substrata and sub-surface drainage should flow

into Tomahawk Creek.

Cultural/Archaeological:

No documented sites in upper valley.

### 

Site Name/Zoning:

Brighton (private farmland). Rural G Zone (SPCC).

Location:

Northwest of Brighton adjacent to Scroggs Hill Rd.

20km from Octagon.

Catchment:

Head of tributary of McColl Creek which flows into

Otokia Creek then to the ocean at Brighton.

Access Route:

From SH1 at Green Island along Brighton Rd through

Ocean View to Scroggs Hill Rd.

Surface Features:

Rolling topography with moderate slopes incised by

gullies which would be filled. Scrub in gullies.

Nearest Residences:

One house overlooks the site and is within 300m. Rural

residential subdivision being developed 1km away. 2km

to Brighton houses.

Airfield Proximity:

9km from Taieri and Momona Airfields. Greater

separation achieved by intervening Saddle and Scroggs

Hills.

Available Capacity:

5 million cubic metres could provide 40 year life.

Geology/Hydrogeology:

Schist underlies the site - generally stable. Groundwater

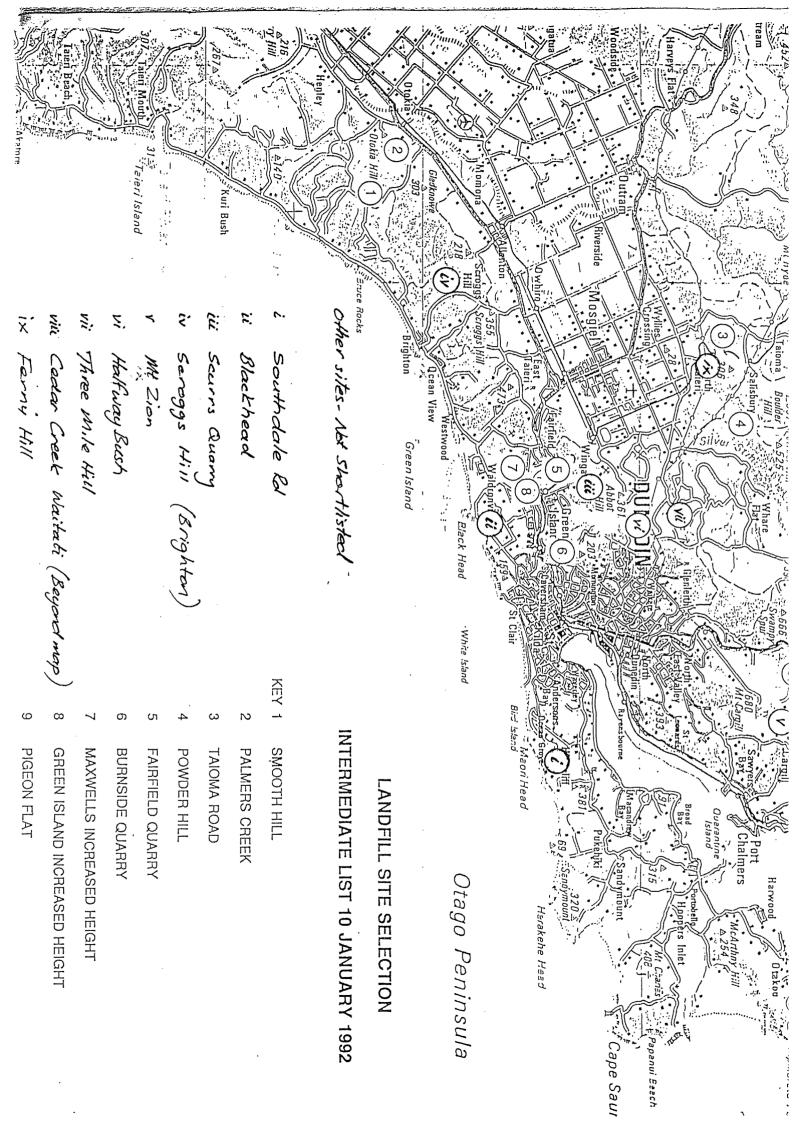
flow would be towards Brighton Estuary.

Cultural/Archaeological:

Taniwha associated with Saddle Hill area.

Smooth Hill Scroggs Hill Mill Stream West Powder Hill Burnside Quarry Maxwell Green Island Palmer Creek Taioma Road Fairfield Quarry Pigeon Flat PRELIMINARY RANKING OF HYDROGEOLOGICAL SUITABILITY OF POTENTIAL LANDFILL SITES Permeability of Underlying Formation ω 4 2 ω 2 2 2 2 ယ 2 Contaminant Attenuation Capability of Underlying Formation ယ 2 ഗ 2 ယ ယ ယ Expected Complexity of Groundwater System ယ ഗ N 2 4 4 4 4  $\sim$ 2 2 Distance to and Environmental Sensitivity of Down Gradient Water Resources 2 ယ 4 4 ယ 2 ယ ယ ယ 2 2 Overall Site Ranking 二  $\rightrightarrows$ 10 7 10 72 12 2 10 17 თ

TABLE 1





1) SMOOTH HILL



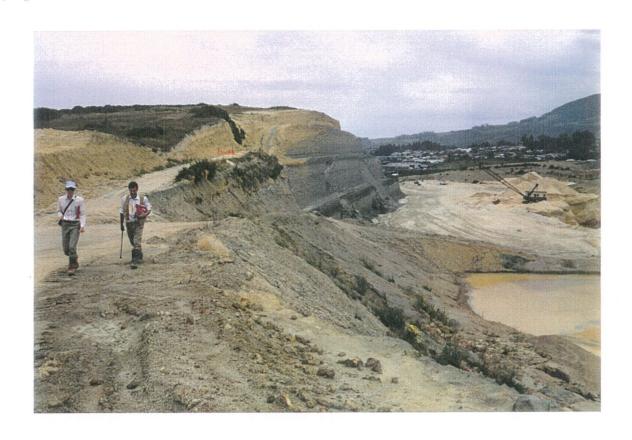
2 PALMERS CREEK



3 TAIOMA ROAD



4 POWDER HILL



(5) PAIRFIELD QUARRY



(6) BURNSIDE QUARRY



(8) GREEN ISLAND



8 GREEN ISLAND



9 PIGEON FLAT

