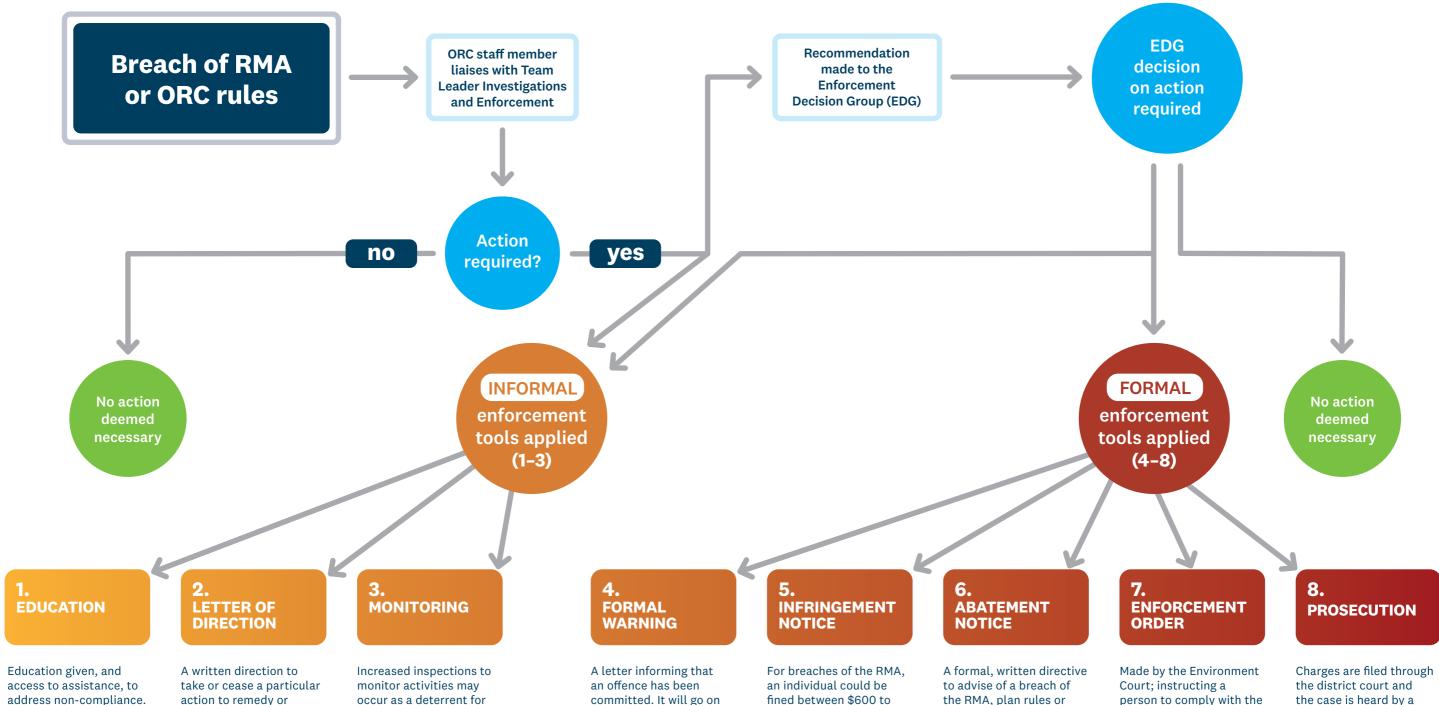
## **Enforcement process**



The goal is to educate about mitigation measures that can be applied in the future.

action to remedy or mitigate the effects of non-compliance or prevent further breaches.

occur as a deterrent for breaches of rules, and also to ensure progress is being made to address the reasons

for the breach.

committed. It will go on their record and may be considered if similar offending occurs in the future.

fined between \$600 to \$2000 and a company could be fined \$1200 to \$4000 under the Resource Management (Infringement Offences) **Amendment Regulations** 2025.

the RMA, plan rules or resource consent. The recipient is instructed to take or stop actions to achieve compliance, often within a specified timeframe. The notice can be appealed to the **Environment Court.** 

person to comply with the provisions of the RMA, a rule in the plan, or the terms and conditions of a resource consent. Cost recovery can be included in this process.

the case is heard by a judge who is also an environmental judge, and who decides the outcome.

It is recognised that each case is weighted on its individual merits. No one case is the same and ORC staff recognise that each case needs to be investigated thoroughly. No decisions about the use of formal enforcement options are made in the field.

